

함수를 이용한 그림그리기

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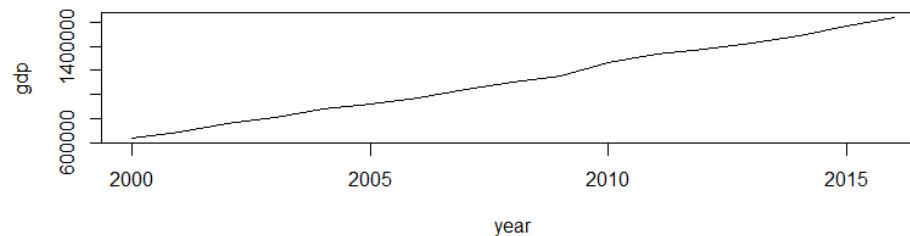
함수를 이용한 그림그리기

1. 선 그래프

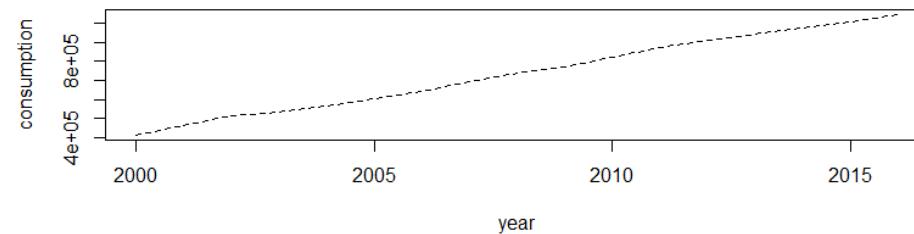
b1-ch3-1-plot.R

```
library(openxlsx)
sample1<-read.xlsx("http://kanggc.iptime.org/book/data/sample1-n.xlsx")
year<-sample1$year
gdp<-sample1$gdp
consumption<-sample1$consumption
gdp
consumption
par(mfrow=c(2,1))
plot(year, gdp, type="l", main="GDP of Korea(2000-2016)")
plot(year, consumption, type="l", lty=2,main="Consumption of Korea(2000-2016)")
```

GDP of Korea(2000-2016)



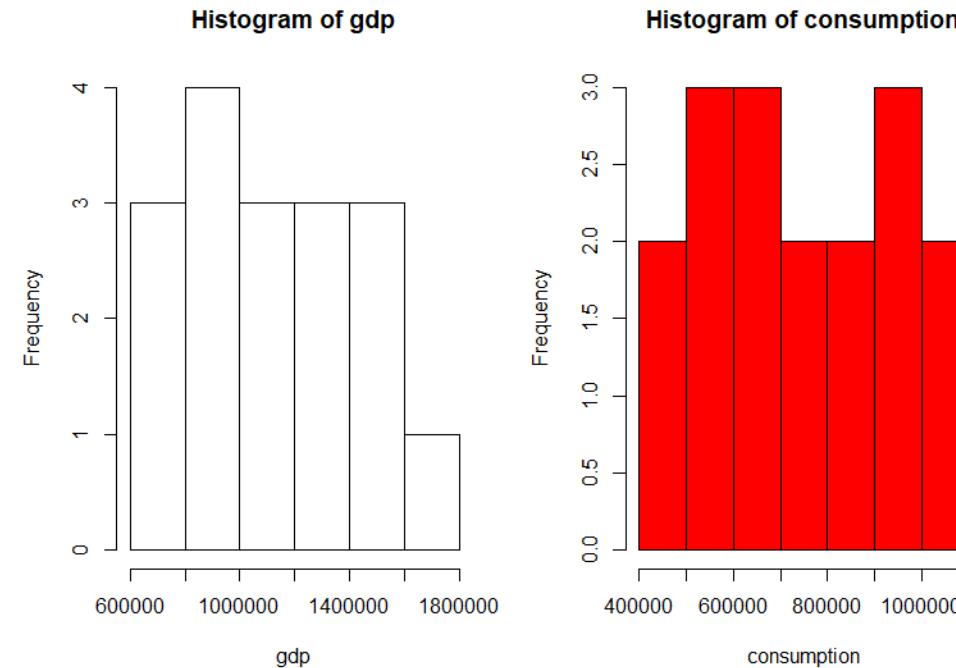
Consumption of Korea(2000-2016)



2. 히스토그램

b1-ch3-2-plot.R

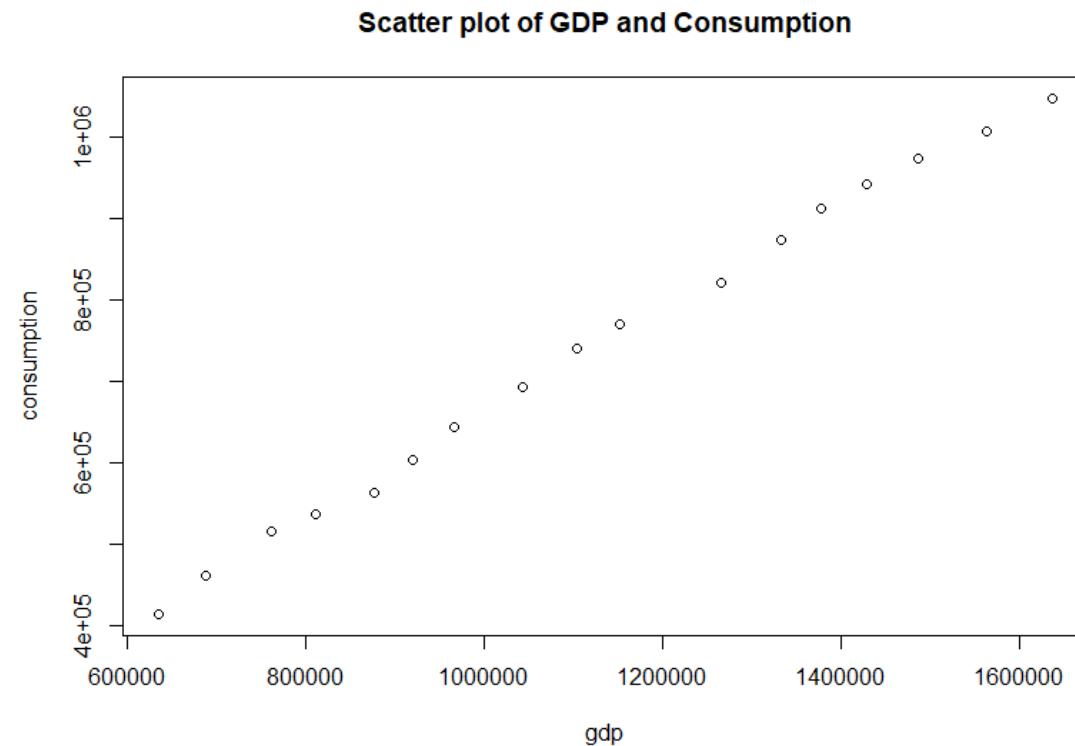
```
library(openxlsx)
sample1<-read.xlsx("http://kanggc.iptime.org/book/data/sample1-n.xlsx")
year<-sample1$year
gdp<-sample1$gdp
consumption<-sample1$consumption
gdp
consumption
par(mfrow=c(1,2))
hist(gdp)
hist(consumption, breaks=8, col="red")
```



3. 산포도

b1-ch3-3-plot.R

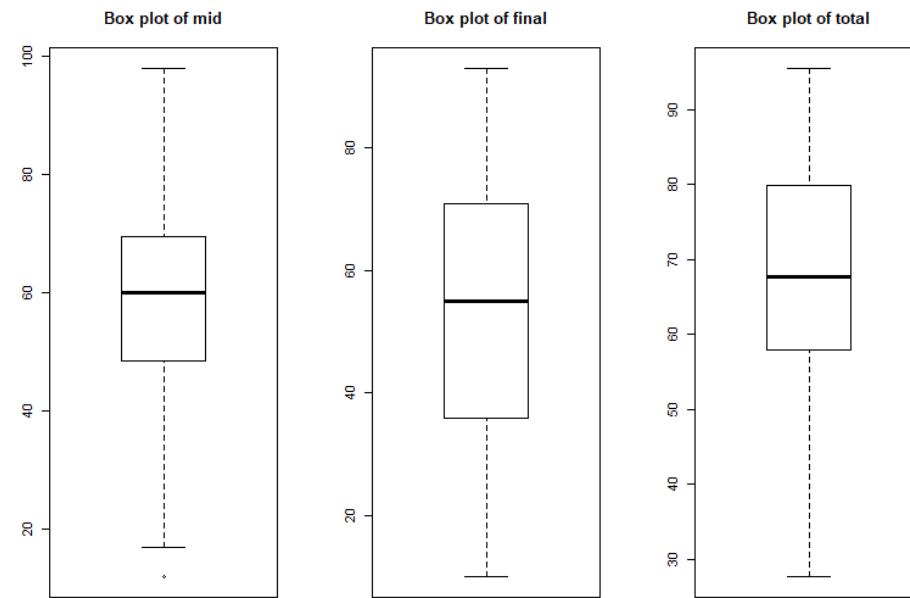
```
library(openxlsx)
sample1<-read.xlsx("http://kanggc.iptime.org/book/data/sample1-n.xlsx")
year<-sample1$year
gdp<-sample1$gdp
consumption<-sample1$consumption
gdp
consumption
plot(gdp, consumption, main="Scatter plot of GDP and Consumption")
```



4. 상자그라프

b1-ch3-4-plot.R

```
library(openxlsx)
sample1<-read.xlsx("http://kanggc.iptime.org/book/data/stat-1.xlsx")
mid<-sample1$mid
final<-sample1$final
total<-sample1$total
grade<-sample1$grade
summary(sample1)
par(mfrow=c(1,3))
boxplot(mid, main="Box plot of mid")
boxplot(final, main="Box plot of final")
boxplot(total, main="Box plot of total")
```

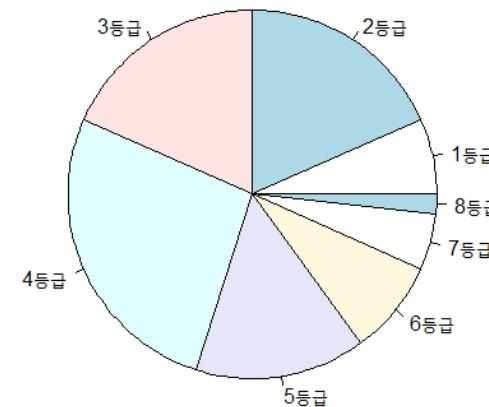


5. 원그래프

b1-ch3-5-rev.R

```
library(openxlsx)
sample1<-read.xlsx("http://kanggc.iptime.org/book/data/stat-1.xlsx")
mid<-sample1$mid
final<-sample1$final
total<-sample1$total
grade<-sample1$grade
table(grade)
slices<-c(4,11,11,16,9,5,3,1)
lbls<-c("1등급","2등급","3등급","4등급","5등급","6등급","7등급","8등급")
pie(slices, labels=lbls, main="Pie Chart of Total Score")
```

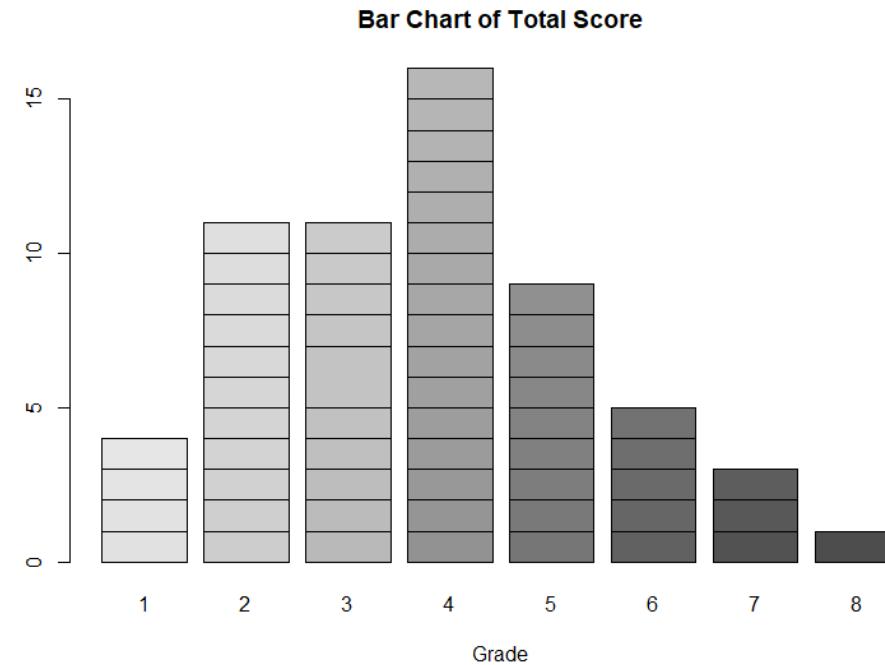
Pie Chart of Total Score



6. 막대그래프

b1-ch3-6-plot.R

```
library(openxlsx)
sample1<-read.xlsx("http://kanggc.ptime.org/book/data/stat-1.xlsx")
mid<-sample1$mid
final<-sample1$final
total<-sample1$total
grade<-sample1$grade
total
grade
counts<-table(total, grade)
barplot(counts, main="Bar Chart of Total Score", xlab="Grade")
```



7. 잎-줄기 그래프

b1-ch3-7.R

```
library(openxlsx)
sample1<-read.xlsx("http://kanggc.ptime.org/book/data/stat-1.xlsx")
mid<-sample1$mid
final<-sample1$final
total<-sample1$total
grade<-sample1$grade
total
stem(total)
stem(total, scale=0.5)
stem(total, scale=2)
```

The decimal point is 1 digit(s) to the right of the

2	8
3	01
4	017789
5	1135788
6	00112333355778888
7	012445666789
8	11123444457
9	0235

The decimal point is 1 digit(s) to the right of the

2	801
4	0177891135788
6	00112333355778888012445666789
8	111234444570235

The decimal point is 1 digit(s) to the right of the

2	8
3	01
3	
4	01
4	7789
5	113
5	5788
6	001123333
6	55778888
7	01244
7	5666789
8	111234444
8	57
9	023
9	5